'Flags of convenience' & the issue of US leadership in lower cost access to space

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'Flags of convenience' & US leadership in access to space



Welcome to Lincoln

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'Flags of convenience'...?

Law of the sea

- 1958 High Seas & 1982 UNCLOS III
- Pertained to private operators commercial fleets
- Lack of 'genuine link' -> lack of 'genuine' jurisdiction & control for safety a.o. purposes
- 'Cheap flags' & license shopping
- Both ecological & economic threats!



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...in outer space?

Private commercial – satellites/cargo Since 80s: Arianespace & a few US operators Then: former Soviet & Chinese entities >Efforts to arrive at 'global level playing field' New US developments: Space-X & COTS >Private commercial – manned Virgin Galactic & XCOR (& perhaps others) Prospectively 'launching' from US, Curacao, Sweden, potentially various other sites Next step: sub-orbital transportation? 'Flags of convenience' & US leadership in access to space

Whose junk is this?

Who can be held liable

for it?

Legal regime...? (1)

- Outer Space Treaty
 - Responsibility & liability for private space activities
 → licensing required (incl. liability)
- Liability Convention
 - Unlimited liability at the international level
 - Registration Convention
 - Limited scope, limited info, flawed practice
 - No 'genuine link'; generic exercise jurisdiction & control required hardly detailed standards



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Legal regime...? (2)

US Commercial Space Launch Act

- 1984/1988 for satellite/cargo launches
- 2004 Amendments for manned
- Elaborated in 14 C.F.R.
- 3rd party liability: MPL & max max 500 M US\$
- Cross-waiver between parties involved in launch
- Does not include crew/spaceflight participants
 informed consent' -> Six US states with
 their own statutes



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Legal regime...? (3)

- Other nations on 3rd party liability
 - Australia MPL & max max ± 800 M US\$
 - France max \pm 65 M US\$ to \pm 90 M US\$
 - Austria max ± 80 M US\$
 - South Korea max ± 175 M US\$
 - UK in practice max ± 80 M US\$
 - Handful of others: no figures mentioned
 - Insurance (only) sometimes obligatory
 - Many more states: no licensing regime at all



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US policy analysis

Recent GAO report to Congress

- "FAA Should Update How it Assesses Federal Liability Risk"
- Ref. Chinese (cap of ± 100 M US\$) & Russian (caps of ± 80 M resp. 300 M US\$) practice
- Claims US provides less liability coverage than others – as (anti-)competitive factor
- No 3rd party liability whatsoever so far (...)
 - "Inaccurate MPL value could increase cost to launch companies" as more insurance needed



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Questions

- Is 3rd party liability major (anti-) competitive factor for US industry?
- Does/could it rise to the level of 'cheap flags of convenience'?
- Would international agreement help addressing such concerns?
- Could there be a role for the WTO/ GATS in this context?



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